Knowledge brokering for Indigenous Land Management

Start-up factsheet

The challenge

Indigenous land management (ILM) occurs over significant proportions of northern Australia that contain many high-value environmental assets. Effective land management is vital to northern Australian development and Indigenous land managers have a strong desire to engage in the increasing level of development planning. Traditional Owners hold substantial knowledge about using, managing and safeguarding northern Australia’s natural and cultural resources, and a significant body of scientific research is also available. However, these knowledge resources have not yet fully empowered Traditional Owners’ land management and development capability. Several barriers impede effective knowledge uptake: technological barriers, such as unreliable internet access and a lack of plain English information; social barriers such as poor health and other commitments that hinder senior custodians’ participation in knowledge-sharing; and organisational barriers such as excessive demands on staff to act as cultural brokers.

How will this research help?

Effective knowledge brokering can help overcome barriers. Knowledge brokering is about the way we turn knowledge into action and it consists of five broad areas: problem identification, context analysis, knowledge development and selection, knowledge exchange work, and knowledge use. This project will involve Indigenous peoples as co-researchers to develop tools that will assist them to identify useful knowledge resources and explore ways they can use different types of knowledge for decision making. This research will deliver:

• tailored knowledge brokering tools and guidelines for their use.
• knowledge-sharing among Indigenous land managers across northern Australia through workshops and digital networking activities.
• a diagnosis of the conditions under which knowledge brokering can improve Indigenous adaptive management of environmental assets.
Who is involved?

This project will be led by Dr Ro Hill from CSIRO and Ms Melissa George from NAILSMA.

The project leaders will be assisted by researchers from CSIRO and NAILSMA. Indigenous land managers from across northern Australia will be involved in knowledge sharing activities.

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For further information and project updates, visit the project webpage at www.nespnorthern.edu.au/projects/nesp/knowledge-brokering-indigenous-land-management

How will we achieve this?

Indigenous stewardship of land and sea is underpinned by self-determined decision making based on relevant knowledge. The co-research approach places Indigenous people as central to driving the design and testing of the knowledge brokering tools, and sharing their findings with other Indigenous people, through peer-to-peer knowledge exchange, and with others through digital means. Two in-depth case studies will support Indigenous land managers to:

- explore stakeholder influence mapping and build a 3-D model of country to assess risks and opportunities in the Fitzroy River catchment of Western Australia.
- undertake Indigenous-driven evaluation of current land management, and use the results to drive new, more holistic planning in the Nicholson region of the Northern Territory.